



FLEXIBLE SOLUTIONS FOR COST-EFFECTIVE HEATING

Uniflow technology offers the choice of operating on low, medium or high pressure hot water. This means that most existing factories or commercial units need no major or expensive capital installation before an effective heating solution can be found.

COMPREHENSIVE RANGE

Five sizes with one, two or three row heating elements depending on performance requirement and heating medium.

MANUFACTURED QUALITY

Designed for long, maintenance-free service and manufactured in Biddle's ISO 9001 production unit, the fully integrated steel-cased units incorporate sealed bearing motors and specially designed, high-efficiency serpentine coils. A unique feature of the motor technology is that the single speed motor can be converted to two speed operation by the use of an additional delta/star changeover switch fitted in the control circuit.

APPLICATIONS

Uniflow unit heaters can be installed in the widest variety of locations from factories and warehouses to exhibition halls and showrooms. The two discharge options - downward or horizontal - meet all likely space configurations. Downward discharge is particularly suited to complex areas where obstacles might impede airflows from a horizontal system. The horizontal louvred discharge units are ideal for where directional heating is required e.g. along production lines.

SELECTION

Assuming that there are no special requirements regarding mounting heights, the first consideration is the usage of the building. It is possible to heat a building with a large number of small units or a small number of large units, both arrangements satisfying the heat requirement.

The higher rate or recirculation with the larger number of units will result in better air diffusion and more even temperatures. This application is ideal for buildings having a high occupancy. However, the smaller number of units will be more economical.

O HORIZONTAL AND DOWNWARD DISCHARGE UNITS

Often decided by the mounting height restrictions, the downward discharge can be mounted at higher levels than the equivalent horizontal discharge unit.

O DOWNWARD DISCHARGE

These units are quite useful in projecting heat down into occupied areas regardless of obstacles which would impede the flow of air from a horizontal unit. To reduce stratification within the building, downward discharge units, can be provided without batteries for use as warm air recirculators.

O HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE

These units are ideal for creating a flow of warm air along exposed walls or for discharging down narrow aisles or production lines, as well as for blanketing doorways and points of high heat loss.

SPECIFICATIONS

CASING

There are two types of casing options: 'H' Type: The casing is manufactured from zinc electro-plated sheet steel rigidly formed to prevent distortion. Angle supports are drilled for simple attachment to suspension rods. Individually adjusted air deflector louvres are provided on the discharge as standard. There is an option for this type to have a spigotted outlet in lieu of the louvres. 'D' Type: Zinc electro-plated sheet steel casing encloses all working parts. The diffuser assembly is hinged to give access to the fan and motor. Angle supports are drilled for simple attachment to suspension rods. An eight bladed adjustable diffuser is provided for controlled diffusion of the heated air. Both types can be provided with a spigot suitable for connection of ductwork to the intake.

O FINISH

Units are finished in White, epoxy powder paint to RAL 9010.

CONTRACT ELEMENTS

Specially designed, high efficiency, serpentined coils are fitted to each unit. The coils comprise of aluminium fins with spacer collars mechanically bonded to copper primary tubes by an expansion process, which provides a high rate of heat transfer coupled with long life. The primary tubes are brazed into steel headers terminating in 11/2" BSP male threads. Flanged connections can be provided as an alternative extra. All coils are tested to 30bar (435psi) air under water, and suitable for a working pressure of: 15bar with LTHW 135°C.

O FANS/MOTORS

Fans are direct driven by squirrel cage, asynchronous induction aluminium motors available for either single or three phase electric supply. Motor enclosures are rated at IP55. Windings are class 'F' specification. Motors have sealed for life ball bearings requiring no maintenance. All motors are supplied with built-in thermal protection overload contacts (TP). These must be connected to the control circuit of the main contractor as indicated in the wiring diagrams. The motor rotors and fans are dynamically balanced per ISO 1940. Fan blades are of epoxy painted aluminium. Fan/motors are supported with a wire guard grille with protection against finger insertion per BS3042. The fan plate is manufactured from epoxy painted steel having a 'bell mouth' inlet. Three phase motors are dual speed, the normal and low speeds being achieved by wiring the motor in Delta or Star mode respectively. Two speed operation can be achieved by incorporating a changeover switch in the circuit as shown in the wiring diagrams. Single phase motors are single speed only with separate motors for either normal or low speed. Explosion proof (increased safety or flame proof) motors can be provided as an alternative for 3 phase electric supply only. These motors are for ignition groups G1, G2 and G3, according to prescription VDE 0171.

Note: Size 13 units now have 1" BSP male threads.

ELECTRICAL DATA

3 Phase electric supply									
Model No. 3 Phase	Motor rating kW	FLC Amps	Nominal speed rpm						
7-13-L3(Y)	0.12	0.22	1200						
7-13-N3(Δ)	0.20	0.46	1390						
7-16-L3(Y)	0.12	0.22	1060						
7-16-N3(Δ)	0.20	0.47	1340						
7-18-L3(Y)	0.21	0.39	1075						
7-18-N3(Δ)	0.32	0.73	1320						
7-21-L3(Y)	0.31	0.54	930						
7-21-N3(Δ)	0.50	1.03	1270						
7-24-L3(Y)	0.45	0.85	1040						
7-24-N3(∆)	0.66	1.55	1350						

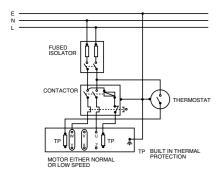
	1 Phase elect	ric supply	
Model No. 1 Phase	Motor rating kW	FLC Amps	Nominal speed rpm
7-13-L1	0.07	0.37	850
7-13-N1	0.15	0.79	1385
7-16-L1	0.09	0.49	900
7-16-N1	0.22	1.05	1360
7-18-L1	0.11	0.56	790
7-18-N1	0.34	1.64	1310
7-21-L1	0.22	1.15	870
7-21-N1	0.48	2.30	1276
7-24-L1	0.29	1.60	885
7-24-N1	0.65	3.02	1270

NOTE

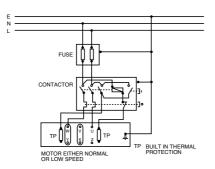
1-When 3 phase motors are used in the dual speed (ΔY) mode, the contactor overloads should be sized as for normal speed rating.

ELECTRICAL DATA

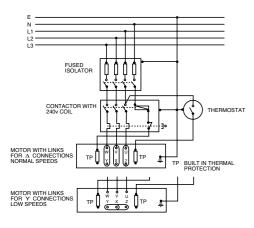
1 PHASE THERMOSTATIC ON/OFF CONTROL SINGLE SPEED ONLY



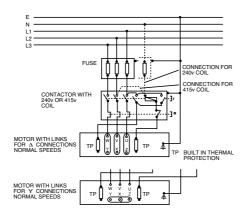
1 PHASE MANUAL CONTROL SINGLE SPEED ONLY



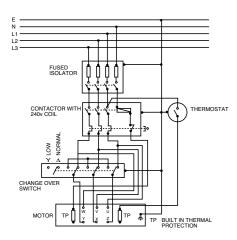
3 PHASE THERMOSTATIC ON/OFF CONTROL SINGLE SPEED OPERATION



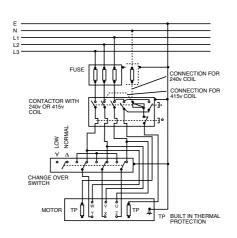
3 PHASE MANUAL CONTROL SINGLE SPEED OPERATION



3 PHASE THERMOSTATIC ON/OFF CONTROL WITH MANUAL SPEED CHANGE

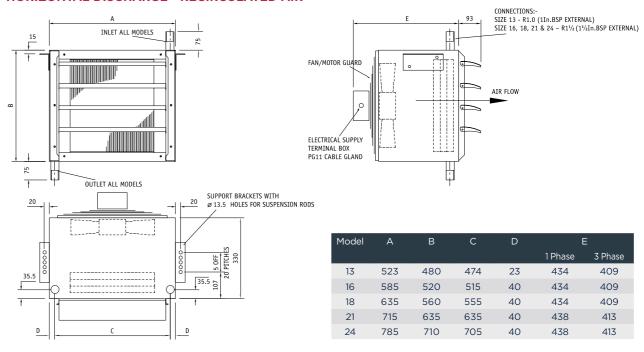


3 PHASE MANUAL CONTROL WITH MANUAL SPEED CHANGE

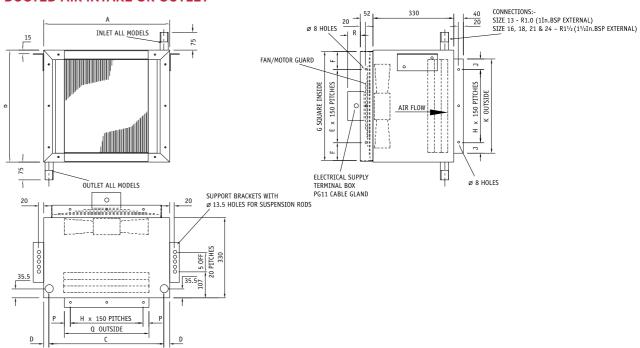


GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE - RECIRCULATED AIR



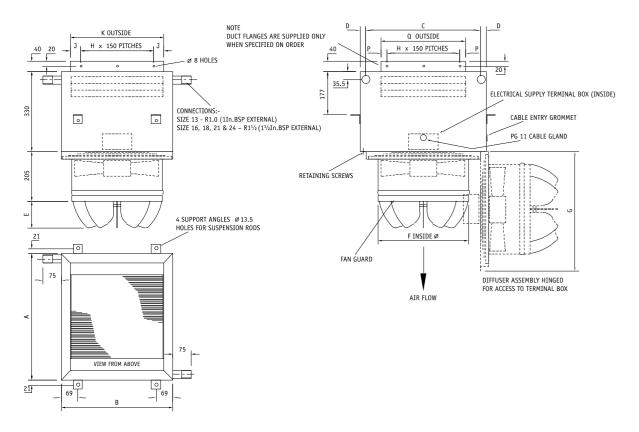
DUCTED AIR INTAKE OR OUTLET



Model	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K	Р	Q		R
													1 Phase	3 Phase
13	520	460	474	23	2	76	450	2	43	386	23.5	347	52	27
16	595	520	515	40	3	26	500	2	59	418	48.5	397	52	27
18	635	560	555	40	3	26	500	2	81	462	68.5	437	52	27
21	715	635	635	40	3	56	560	3	31.5	513	33.5	517	56	31
24	785	710	705	40	4	16	630	3	69.5	589	68.5	587	56	31

GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

DOWNWARD DISCHARGE - RECIRCULATED AIR



Model	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K	Р	Q
13	520	460	474	23	111	370	495	2	43	386	23.5	347
16	595	520	515	40	123	419	570	2	59	418	48.5	397
18	635	560	555	40	130	470	610	2	81	462	68.5	437
21	715	635	635	40	133	495	690	3	31.5	513	33.5	517
24	785	710	705	40	140	546	760	3	69.5	589	68.5	587

LTHW EMISSIONS

IN KW FOR 82.2°C FLOW 71.1°C RETURN. ENTERING AIR 18°C

		3 Phase	e electric	supply					1 Phase	e electric	supply		
Model no.	Element depth rows	Fan speed rpm	Approx noise level dBA	Air volume m³/s	Heat emission kW	L.A.T. °C	Model no.	Element depth rows	Fan speed rpm	Approx noise level dBA	Air volume m³/s	Heat emission kW	L.A.T. °C
7-132L3	2	1200	51	0.430	10.09	37.4	7-132L1	2	850	48	0.326	8.60	39.9
7-132N3	2	1390	55	0.520	11.22	35.9	7-132N1	2	1385	54	0.520	11.22	35.9
7-133L3	3	1200	51	0.370	13.00	47.1	7-133L1	3	850	48	0.292	11.20	49.8
7-133N3	3	1390	55	0.460	15.00	45.0	7-133N1	3	1385	54	0.460	15.00	45.0
7-162L3	2	1060	55	0.595	14.70	38.5	7-162L1	2	900	50	0.500	13.30	40.0
7-162N3	2	1340	58	0.750	16.75	36.5	7-162N1	2	1360	58	0.750	16.75	36.5
7-163L3	3	1060	55	0.515	18.78	48.2	7-163L1	3	900	50	0.430	16.70	50.2
7-163N3	3	1340	58	0.675	22.43	45.5	7-163N1	3	1360	58	0.675	22.43	45.5
7-182L3	2	1075	57	0.795	19.00	37.8	7-182L1	2	790	52	0.580	15.80	40.6
7-182N3	2	1320	61	0.995	21.63	36.0	7-182N1	2	1310	60	0.995	21.63	36.0
7-183L3	3	1075	57	0.695	24.80	47.6	7-183L1	3	790	52	0.510	20.25	50.9
7-183N3	3	1320	61	0.908	29.35	44.8	7-183N1	3	1310	60	0.908	29.35	44.8
7-212L3	2	930	58	1.125	26.35	37.4	7-212L1	2	870	56	1.000	24.60	38.4
7-212N3	2	1270	64	1.357	29.35	35.9	7-212N1	2	1276	63	1.357	29.35	35.9
7-213L3	3	930	58	0.930	34.00	48.3	7-213L1	3	870	56	0.865	32.40	49.0
7-213N3	3	1270	64	1.222	40.30	45.3	7-213N1	3	1276	63	1.222	40.30	45.3
7-242L3	2	1040	64	1.515	36.30	37.9	7-242L1	2	885	49	1.285	33.15	39.4
7-242N3	2	1350	69	2.007	42.65	35.6	7-242N1	2	1270	68	2.007	42.65	35.6
7-243L3	3	1040	64	1.370	47.95	47.0	7-243L1	3	885	49	1.140	42.70	49.0
7-243N3	3	1350	69	1.869	58.10	43.8	7-243N1	3	1270	68	1.869	58.10	43.8

LTHW - FACTORS TO BE APPLIED TO EMISSIONS FOR OTHER OPERATING CONDITIONS

Water	mater temperature urep in it						Wa	Water temperature drop 16.7°K					Water temperature drop 22.2°K					
Temp		Enterin	ng air te	empera	ture °C			Enterin	ng air te	mpera	ture °C		Entering air temperature °C					
°C	-1	12	15	18	21	24	-1	12	15	18	21	24	-1	12	15	18	21	24
60	0.939	0.696	0.641	0.587	0.533	0.480	0.855	0.622	0.570	0.518	0.466	0.416	0.785	0.560	0.509	0.459	0.409	0.360
65	1.034	0.789	0.733	0.678	0.623	0.569	0.946	0.711	0.658	0.605	0.552	0.501	0.874	0.646	0.594	0.543	0.492	0.442
70	1.131	0.882	0.826	0.770	0.715	0.660	1.039	0.800	0.747	0.693	0.640	0.587	0.963	0.732	0.680	0.628	0.577	0.526
75	1.228	0.977	0.920	0.864	0.807	0.752	1.113	0.891	0.837	0.782	0.729	0.675	1.054	0.820	0.767	0.715	0.663	0.611
80	1.326	1.073	1.015	0.958	0.901	0.845	1.226	0.983	0.928	0.873	0.819	0.764	1.145	0.909	0.856	0.803	0.750	0.698
82.2	1.369	1.115	1.057	1.000	0.943	0.886	1.268	1.024	0.968	0.913	0.858	0.804	1.186	0.949	0.895	0.842	0.789	0.736
85	1.425	1.169	1.111	1.054	0.996	0.939	1.321	1.076	1.020	0.965	0.910	0.855	1.237	0.999	0.945	0.892	0.838	0.785
90	1.524	1.267	1.208	1.150	1.092	1.034	1.417	1.170	1.113	1.057	1.002	0.946	1.330	1.090	1.036	0.981	0.927	0.874
95	1.624	1.365	1.306	1.247	1.189	1.131	1.513	1.264	1.207	1.151	1.095	1.039	1.424	1.182	1.127	1.072	1.018	0.963

NOTE

1 When operating on water and air conditions involving low duty correction factors (especially on large water temperature drops) check that the water flow rates do not fall below the minimums stated in the following tables to avoid streamline flow conditions resulting in rapid deterioration of heat transfer.

2 When applying emission factors check that the leaving air temperature is satisfactory.

LAT°C = $\frac{\text{Corrected emission kW}}{\text{Airflow rate m}^3/\text{s x 1.207}}$ + EAT°C

Leaving air temperatures less than 38°C on low speed units or 40°C on normal speed units may give rise to complaints of cold draughts. Air temperatures in excess of 57-60°C should be avoided as the buoyancy will seriously affect mounting heights and throws.

3 See page 18 for air flows against external pressure and emission factors.

Waterflow rate Kg/s = $\frac{kW}{td \times Cf}$

Where:

kW = Corrected heat emission td = Water temperature drop °K

Cf = Specific heat capacity of water kJ/kg °K

	Minimum flow rate in Kg/s for 2 and 3 row elements										
	Mean water temperature °C										
Unit size	90	80	70	60	50						
13	0.039	0.045	0.051	0.059	0.069						
16	0.048	0.054	0.062	0.072	0.084						
18	0.053	0.059	0.068	0.078	0.092						
21	0.061	0.069	0.079	0.091	0.107						
24	0.070	0.079	0.090	0.104	0.122						
Cf	4.208	4.198	4.191	4.185	4.182						

MTHW EMISSIONS

IN KW FOR 115.5°C FLOW 93.3°C RETURN. ENTERING AIR 18°C

		3 Phase	electric	supply					1 Phase	e electric	supply		
Model no.	Element depth rows	Fan speed rpm	Approx noise level dBA	Air volume m³/s	Heat emission kW	L.A.T. °C	Model no.	Element depth rows	Fan speed rpm	Approx noise level dBA	Air volume m³/s	Heat emission kW	L.A.T. °C
7-132L3	2	1200	51	0.430	14.65	46.2	7-132L1	2	850	48	0.326	12.50	49.8
7-132N3	2	1390	55	0.520	16.35	44.0	7-132N1	2	1385	54	0.520	16.35	44.0
7-133L3	3	1200	51	0.370	18.90	60.3	7-133L1	3	850	48	0.292	16.25	64.1
7-133N3	3	1390	55	0.460	21.75	57.2	7-133N1	3	1385	54	0.460	21.75	57.2
7-162L3	2	1060	55	0.595	21.40	47.8	7-162L1	2	900	50	0.500	19.38	50.1
7-162N3	2	1340	58	0.750	24.30	44.8	7-162N1	2	1360	58	0.750	24.30	44.8
7-163L3	3	1060	55	0.515	27.40	62.1	7-163L1	3	900	50	0.430	24.35	46.9
7-163N3	3	1340	58	0.675	32.55	58.0	7-163N1	3	1360	58	0.675	32.55	58.0
7-182L3	2	1075	57	0.795	27.65	46.8	7-182L1	2	790	52	0.580	23.10	51.0
7-182N3	2	1320	61	0.995	31.45	44.2	7-182N1	2	1310	60	0.995	31.45	44.2
7-183L3	3	1075	57	0.695	35.95	60.9	7-183L1	3	790	52	0.510	29.53	66.0
7-183N3	3	1320	61	0.908	42.60	56.9	7-183N1	3	1310	60	0.908	42.60	56.9
7-212L3	2	930	58	1.125	38.40	46.3	7-212L1	2	870	56	1.000	35.80	47.7
7-212N3	2	1270	64	1.357	42.50	43.9	7-212N1	2	1276	63	1.357	42.50	43.9
7-213L3	3	930	58	0.930	49.00	61.7	7-213L1	3	870	56	0.865	47.00	63.0
7-213N3	3	1270	64	1.222	58.65	57.8	7-213N1	3	1276	63	1.222	58.65	57.8
7-242L3	2	1040	64	1.515	52.62	46.8	7-242L1	2	885	49	1.285	48.00	48.9
7-242N3	2	1350	69	2.007	61.95	43.6	7-242N1	2	1270	68	2.007	61.95	43.6
7-243L3	3	1040	64	1.370	69.60	60.1	7-243L1	3	885	49	1.140	62.05	63.1
7-243N3	3	1350	69	1.869	84.55	55.5	7-243N1	3	1270	68	1.869	84.55	55.5

MTHW - FACTORS TO BE APPLIED TO EMISSIONS FOR OTHER OPERATING CONDITIONS

Water	Wa	Water temperature drop 16.7°K						Water temperature drop 22.2°K					Water temperature drop 33.3°K					
flow Temp		Enterin	ng air te	mpera	ture °C			Enterir	ng air te	mpera	ture °C		Entering air temperature °C					
°C	-1	12	15	18	21	24	-1	12	15	18	21	24	-1	12	15	18	21	24
100	1.108	0.936	0.896	0.857	0.818	0.779	1.045	0.878	0.839	0.801	0.763	0.726	0.939	0.779	0.742	0.706	0.670	0.634
105	1.176	1.002	0.963	0.923	0.884	0.845	1.111	0.942	0.903	0.865	0.827	0.789	1.002	0.840	0.803	0.767	0.730	0.694
110	1.244	1.068	1.028	0.988	0.949	0.910	1.177	1.006	0.968	0.929	0.890	0.852	1.065	0.902	0.865	0.828	0.791	0.754
115.5	1.319	1.142	1.102	1.062	1.022	0.982	1.249	1.075	1.039	1.000	0.961	0.923	1.135	0.971	0.933	0.896	0.859	0.822
120	1.380	1.203	1.163	1.122	1.082	1.042	1.309	1.137	1.098	1.059	1.019	0.981	1.192	1.027	0.989	0.952	0.914	0.877
125	1.449	1.270	1.230	1.189	1.149	1.108	1.376	1.203	1.163	1.124	1.085	1.045	1.256	1.090	1.052	1.014	0.977	0.939

1 When operating on water and air conditions involving low duty correction factors (especially on large water temperature drops) check that the water flow rates do not fall below the minimums stated in the following tables to avoid streamline flow conditions resulting in rapid deterioration of heat transfer.

2 When applying emission factors check that the leaving air temperature is satisfactory.

LAT°C = $\frac{\text{Corrected emission kW}}{\text{Airflow rate m}^3/\text{s x 1.207}}$ + EAT°C

Leaving air temperatures less than 38°C on low speed units or 40°C on normal speed units may give rise to complaints of cold draughts. Air temperatures in excess of 57-60°C should be avoided as the buoyancy will seriously affect mounting heights and throws.

3 See page 18 for air flows against external pressure and emission factors.

Waterflow rate Kg/s = $\frac{kW}{td \times Cf}$

kW = Corrected heat emission td = Water temperature drop °K

Cf = Specific heat capacity of water kJ/kg °K

Mean water temperature °C	Mean water temperature °C									
Unit size 120 110 100 90 80)									
13 0.029 0.032 0.035 0.039 0.04	45									
16 0.035 0.039 0.043 0.048 0.05	54									
18 0.039 0.042 0.047 0.053 0.05	59									
21 0.045 0.049 0.055 0.061 0.06	69									
24 0.051 0.056 0.063 0.070 0.07	79									
Cf 4.248 4.233 4.219 4.208 4.19	8									

PERFORMANCE DATA

MOUNTING HEIGHTS AND THROWS

TYPE H HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE

Mode	el No.		mounting metres for air temp			
3 Phase	1 Phase	40°C	55°C	Metres		
	7H132L1	2.7	2.1	7.7		
7H132L3		3.0	2.4	9.7		
7H132N3	7H132N1	3.2	2.6	11.4		
	7H162L1	3.1	2.2	8.7		
7H162L3		3.5	2.6	10.8		
7H162N3	7H162N1	3.9	3.0	13.4		
	7H182L1	2.9	2.0	8.0		
7H182L3		3.6	2.6	12.2		
7H182N3	7H182N1	4.1	3.1	15.4		
	7H212L1	3.8	2.8	13.0		
7H212L3		4.2	3.1	15.1		
7H212N3	7H212N1	4.5	3.5	17.5		
	7H242L1	4.1	3.0	14.8		
7H242L3		4.4	3.3	17.5		
7H242N3	7H242N1	5.0	4.2	21.8		

WATER CONTENT KG

_				
	Unit Size	1 Row	2 Row	3 Row
	13	1.8	2.3	2.8
	16	2.3	2.9	3.6
	18	2.5	3.2	4.1
	21	3.0	3.9	5.0
	24	3.5	4.7	6.1

WATER PRESSURE DROP kPa

TABLE A

Basic pressure drops based on water flow rate of 1.0 kg/s

Element depth						
1 Row	2 Row	3 Row				
7.4	10.5	13.5				
5.7	8.0	10.5				
5.0	7.1	9.2				
4.1	5.9	7.7				
3.4	5.0	6.5				
	1 Row 7.4 5.7 5.0 4.1	1 Row 2 Row 7.4 10.5 5.7 8.0 5.0 7.1 4.1 5.9				

TABLE B Water temperature Factor

MWT °C	Factor
50	1.053
75	1.000
100	0.964
125	0.938
150	0.916
175	0.898

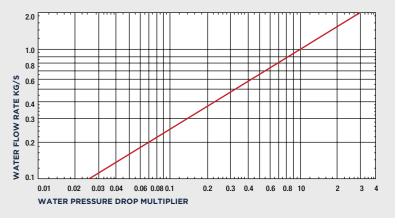
Unit Size	Dry weight (kg)
13	32
16	36
18	42
21	50
24	5.8

MOUNTING HEIGHTS AND SPREAD:

TYPE D DOWNWARD DISCHARGE

Model no.		Leaving Air	Dia	Diameter Spread (meters) for mounting heights (meters) for:										
3 Phase	1 Phase	Temp. (°C)	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.0
	7D132L1	40	7.7	6.7	5.7	4.6								
		55	6.7	5.5	4.3									
7D132L3		40	8.8	7.8	6.9	5.9	5.0							
		55	7.8	6.6	5.3	4.0								
7D132N3	7D132N1	40			13.3	12.0	10.5	9.2	6.5					
		55	12.5	10.2	9.6	8.1	6.8							
	7D162L1	40		8.6	7.5	6.5	5.6	4.5						
		55	8.5	7.3	6.2	5.0								
7D162L3		40		9.8	8.8	7.8	6.8	5.8						
		55	9.8	8.5	7.3	6.0	4.8							
7D162N3	7D162N1	40			15.2	13.9	12.7	11.4	8.8	6.2				
		55	14.7	13.1	11.8	10.3	8.9	7.4						
	7D182L1	40		9.6	8.6	7.5	6.5	5.4						
		55		8.2	6.9	5.7	4.5							
7D182L3		40			10.8	9.8	8.8	7.8	5.7					
		55		10.6	9.4	8.2	7.1	5.8						
7D182N3	7D182N1	40			18.4	17.0	15.6	14.2	11.5	8.8	6.0			
		55		15.8	14.1	12.7	11.1	9.6	6.5					
	7D212L1	40				12.0	10.9	9.9	7.8	5.8				
		55		12.6	11.4	10.3	9.1	7.9						
7D212L3		40				13.5	12.5	11.4	9.4	7.3				
		55			12.8	11.5	10.3	9.1	6.7					
7D212N3	7D212N1	40				20.6	19.2	17.8	15.0	12.2	9.4	6.6		
		55			17.6	16.0	14.5	13.0	10.0	6.9				
	7D242L1	40					14.3	13.3	11.2	9.1	7.0			
		55			14.5	13.4	12.3	11.0	8.6	6.2				
7D242L3		40					16.9	15.8	13.7	11.7	9.6			
		55				15.7	14.5	13.2	10.8	8.4				
7D242N3	7D242N1	40							21.3	18.7	16.0	13.3	10.6	8.0
		55				21.4	20.0	18.5	15.5	12.6	9.6			

GRAPH C FACTOR FOR THE WATER FLOW RATE



To obtain water pressure drop, multiply basic pressure drop from table A by factors from table B and graph $\rm C$.

1–The mounting heights are based on a room temperature of 18°C. Interpolate between the leaving air temperatures. 2–The diameter spreads and maximum throws can be affected by site conditions and are therefore only approximate. 3-The diameter spreads and maximum throws are for 2 row recirculated air models as indicated. For 1 Row models the stated throws can be increased by 10%, whilst for 3 Row models the throws will be reduced by 10%.

BIDDLE AIR SYSTEMS

St. Mary's Road Nuneaton Warwickshire CV11 5AU

T +44 (0) 2476 384 233 E sales@biddle-air.co.uk www.biddle-air.co.uk









